Local Government Type: ☐ City ☐ Township ☐ Village ☒ Other	Local Government Name: Capital Area District Library							
Audit Date Opinion December 31, 2004 February		Ingham/Eaton Date Accountant Report Submitted To State: May 23 2005						
We have audited the financial statements of this with the Statements of the Governmental Accountable and Local Units of Government in Mich	unting Standards Board (GASB)	and the Unifo	orm Reporting					
Ve affirm that: . We have complied with the <i>Bulletin for the A</i> 2. We are certified public accountants register		ent in Michiga	nn as revised.					
We further affirm the following. "Yes" responses and recommendations.	s have been disclosed in the finar	icial statemer	its, including the	e notes, or in	the report of commer			
yes no 2. There are accumulated of yes no 3. There are instances of no yes no 4. The local unit has violate order issued under the E yes no 5. The local unit holds deport [MCL 129.91] or P.A. 55 yes no 6. The local unit has been yes no 7. The local unit has violate (normal costs) in the curnormal cost requirement yes no 8. The local unit uses credit	n below: s/funds/agencies of the local unit deficits in one or more of this unit's non-compliance with the Uniform of the conditions of either an order Emergency Municipal Loan Act. posits/investments which do not co of 1982, as amended [MCL 38.3] delinquent in distributing tax reveal of the Constitutional requirement rent year. If the plan is more the transport of the conditions are due (paid of the cards and has not adopted an adopted an investment policy as re-	s unreserved to Accounting a rissued under simply with state (132]) anues that we Article 9, Section 100% funduring the year pplicable poli	fund balances/r nd Budgeting A the Municipal I tutory requirem re collected for tion 24) to fund ded and the ov ar). cy as required	etained earning to the content of th	ngs (P.A. 275 of 1980 1968, as amended). rits requirements, or a 0 of 1943, as amende ng unit. earned pension benef edits are more than the			
We have enclosed the following:			Enclosed	To Be Forward	Not Required			
The letter of comments and recommendations.			\boxtimes					
Reports on individual federal assistance progra	ms (program audits).				\boxtimes			
Single Audit Reports (ASLGU).								
Certified Public Accountant (Firm Name):	PLANTE & MORA	N, PLL	<u> </u>					
Street Address 1111 Michigan Avenue	Ci Ea	y st Lansing		State Michigan	ZIP 48823			
Accountant Signature								
Plante & Moran, PLL								

Financial Report
December 31, 2004

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Plante & Moran, PLLC



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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Capital Area District Library Board Lansing, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of Capital Area District Library as of and for the year ended December 31, 2004, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of Capital Area District Library's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the basic financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Capital Area District Library at December 31, 2004 and the changes in financial position for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison schedules, as identified in the table of contents, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplemental information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplemental information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Plante + Moran, PLLC

February 10, 2005



Management's Discussion and Analysis

Using this Annual Report

This annual report consists of three parts: management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include information that presents two different views of the Library.

- The first column of the financial statements includes information on the Library's General Fund under the modified accrual method. These fund financial statements focus on current financial resources and provide a more detailed view about the accountability of the Library's sources and uses of funds.
- The adjustment column of the financial statements represents adjustments necessary to convert the fund financial statements to the government-wide financial statements under the full accrual method of accounting.
- The government-wide financial statement column provides both long-and short-term information about the Library's overall financial status. The statement of net assets and the statement of activities provide information about the activities of the Library as a whole and present a longer-term view of the Library's finances. These statements tell how these services were financed in the short term, as well as what remains for future spending.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Condensed Financial Information

The following table below shows key financial information in a condensed format:

	2004	2003
Current assets Capital assets	\$ 11,432,766 6,381,916	\$ 11,390,821 5,266,840
Total assets	17,814,682	16,657,661
Long-term liabilities Other liabilites	130,562 9,069,684	108,184 8,711,229
Total liabilities	9,200,246	8,819,413
Net assets:		
Invested in capital assets	6,381,916	5,266,840
Restricted for donor-restricted purpose	112,151	168,276
Unrestricted	2,120,369	2,403,132
Total net assets	\$ 8,614,436	\$ 7,838,248
Revenue:		
Property taxes	\$ 8,183,862	\$ 6,742,281
Other	1,615,348	1,337,386
Total revenue	9,799,210	8,079,667
Expenses - Library services	9,023,022	6,433,816
Change in net assets	\$ 776,188	<u>\$ 1,645,851</u>

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

The Library as a Whole

- For the second year, the Library is reporting all financial statements that meet the requirements of GASB 34. This management's discussion and analysis includes a comparative analysis of government-wide data for years 2003 and 2004.
- The Library's net assets were \$8,614,436 on a full accrual basis. This represents an increase of \$776,188 over the previous year. This increase was primarily the result of several capital improvement projects. These included the purchase of a new bookmobile, installation of a freight elevator, renovation of the children's area at the downtown location, a 5,000 ft. expansion and renovation of the South Lansing location, and a patron computer upgrade at all libraries. Total capital for all of these projects was \$1,237,750, or 12.2 percent of total expenses.
- The Library's primary source of revenue is from property taxes. For 2004, total tax collection, excluding IFT, was \$8,060,946. This represents approximately 82.3 percent of total revenue. It also represents an increase over the previous year's tax collection of \$1,318,665. This increase was primarily due to the voter-approved .18 mill increase in the Library's tax collection rate for years 2004 2006.
- Salaries and fringe benefits are the largest overall expense of the Library. For 2004, this expense was \$5,789,175, representing 57.2 percent of the Library's total expenses. The addition of 15 full-time employees and 21 part-time employees, plus an average 4 percent increase in salaries, contributed to an overall increase of \$1,117,354 over the previous year. These new positions were funded with the increase in tax collections mentioned in the paragraph above.
- Library materials at \$1,481,639 are the second largest overall expense of the Library, representing 14.6 percent of the Library's total expenses. This is a decrease of \$198,867 from the previous year. This decrease was primarily due to reduced spending on books, as our collection has grown to a point where fewer titles need replacement. Space limitations at all libraries also prevent the system from adding more new materials at a faster rate.
- Total expenses for the entire year under the modified accrual method of accounting were \$10,115,720.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

The Library's Fund

Our analysis of the Library's major fund is included on pages 7 and 8 in the first column of the respective statements. The fund column provides detailed information about the most significant fund - not the Library as a whole.

- The fund balance of the General Fund decreased by \$316,510 for the year. This decrease represents expense incurred as part of a budgeted decrease in the Library's General Fund.
- The Library Board has the ability to create separate funds to help manage money for specific purposes. The Library maintains several of these to fund projects such as system expansion, technology upgrades, and capital improvements.

Library Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the Library Board amended the budget to take into account events that occurred during the year. The most significant amendments occurred in tax revenue, penal fines revenue, donations revenue and expense, miscellaneous income, Universal Service Fund revenue, computer hardware expense, and capital-related projects expense.

- The tax revenue budget was revised upward for the year by \$105,300 to reflect an increase in anticipated tax revenue received from Ingham County.
- The Ingham County penal fines budget was revised upward by \$52,400 to reflect an increase in revenue received.
- The donations revenue budget was increased by \$50,000 due to a sizable donation from Library friends. This donated money was used to partially fund renovations to the children's area of the downtown library.
- The miscellaneous revenue budget was increased a total of \$54,100. This increase was
 due to the combination of unexpected revenue of \$94,000 from an insurance settlement
 and a Reed/Gates grant, offset by a reduction in Universal Service Fund revenue of
 \$39,900. This reduction was due to lower phone costs from our service provider and
 lower project reimbursement expenses.
- The technology expense budget was increased \$70,000 to reflect expenses incurred as a result of carryover projects from the previous year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Several capital project budgets were changed during the year:

- The main library elevator project budget was reduced by \$115,000, as this project was tabled until a greater need arises.
- A budget for a South Lansing branch expansion project of \$305,000 was created midyear. These funds were allocated from our System Expansion Fund.
- An \$80,000 budget for several smaller capital projects such as an energy management system, generator replacement, book drops, and new phone systems was established in March.
- A staff furniture and shelving expense budget of \$40,000 was created in mid-year to provide these items to branches in need.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

At the end of the fiscal year, the Library had \$6.4 million invested in furniture, equipment, and books and materials. In 2004, the Library added approximately \$1.23 million in new collection items consisting mainly of books, video materials, audio books, and music CDs.

The Library carries no long-term debt other than compensated absences.

Governmental Fund Balance Sheet/Statement of Net Assets December 31, 2004

	Gene	ral Fund -			Statement of		
	Mo	odified	Adjus	tments	Net Assets - Full		
	Accrual Basis		(Note 9)		Α	ccrual Basis	
Assets							
Cash (Note 2)	\$ I	,418,976	\$	_	\$	1,418,976	
Investments (Note 2)		,173,613		-		1,173,613	
Taxes receivable	8	3,423,564		_		8,423,564	
Due from other governmental units		105,509		-		105,509	
Interest receivable		15,162		-		15,162	
Prepaid expenses		295,942		-		295,942	
Capital assets (Note 3)			6,	381,916	-	6,381,916	
Total assets	<u>\$ 11,</u>	432,766	6,	381,916		17,814,682	
Liabilities							
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	646,120		_		646,120	
Deferred revenue		3,423,564		_		8,423,564	
Long-term liabilities - Due in more than one year -		,, .20,00 .				0, 120,00	
Accumulated employee benefits (Note 4)				130,562		130,562	
Total liabilities	9	9,069,684		130,562		9,200,246	
Fund Balances							
Reserved for:							
Prepaid expenses		295,942	(295,942)		-	
Donations		112,151	([112,151)		-	
Unreserved:							
Designated for:							
System expansion		254,939	(254,939)		-	
Contingency		969,960	(969,960)		-	
Automation		412,000	(412,000)		-	
Capital projects		130,817	(130,817)		-	
Undesignated		187,273	(187,273)			
Total fund balance	2	2,363,082	(2,	363,082)			
Total liabilities and fund balance	<u>\$ 11,</u>	432,766					
Net Assets							
Investment in capital assets				381,916		6,381,916	
Restricted for donor-restricted purposes				112,151		112,151	
Unrestricted			2,	120,369		2,120,369	
Total net assets			\$ 8,6	614,436	\$	8,614,436	

Statement of Governmental Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Statement of Activities Year Ended December 31, 2004

	Ge	neral Fund -		Statement of	f	
		Modified	Adjustments	Activities - Fu	اال	
	A	crual Basis	(Note 9)	Accrual Basis		
Revenue				_	_	
Millage revenue	\$	8,183,862	\$ -	\$ 8,183,862	2	
Penal fines		777,043	-	777,043	3	
State aid		207,318	-	207,318	3	
Rental revenue		149,634	-	149,634	4	
Interest income		64,232	-	64,232	2	
Donation income		112,633	-	112,633	3	
Miscellaneous revenue	_	304,488		304,488	3	
Total revenue		9,799,210	-	9,799,210)	
Expenditures						
Salaries and benefits		5,789,175	22,378	5,811,553	3	
Materials		1,481,639	(1,229,418)	252,221	ı	
Supplies		191,679	-	191,679)	
Professional services		469,441	-	469,441	ı	
Governance		21,556	-	21,556	5	
Transportation/Staff development		64,872	-	64,872	2	
Maintenance and utilities		481,714	-	481,714	4	
Technology		480,172	(321,029)	159,143	3	
Capital outlay - Equipment and furniture		884,386	(793,721)	90,665	5	
Depreciation		-	1,352,092	1,352,092	2	
Other expenses	_	251,086	(123,000)	128,086	<u>ś</u>	
Total expenditures		10,115,720	(1,092,698)	9,023,022	<u>2</u>	
Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures/						
Change in Net Assets		(316,510)	1,092,698	776,188	3	
Fund Balance/Net Assets - Beginning of year		2,679,592	5,158,656	7,838,248	<u>3</u>	
Fund Balance/Net Assets - End of year	\$	2,363,082	\$ 6,251,354	\$ 8,614,436	<u>,</u>	

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2004

Note I - Nature of Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of Capital Area District Library (the "Library") conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies:

Reporting Entity

Effective January 1, 1998, Capital Area District Library commenced official operations pursuant to the March 10, 1997 signed District Library Agreement. The District Library Agreement was originally entered into by the County of Ingham, except for the City of East Lansing and small portions of White Oak and Locke Townships, and the City of Lansing. In February 1999, three additional participating municipalities were recognized by the original participants - Delhi Township, Meridian Township, and the City of Williamston. The Library is funded primarily through property taxes, state aid, penal fines, grants, and donations. The voters of the districts approved a 1.28 mill tax for a three-year period, which began with a tax levy effective December 31, 2000. This millage provided for funding of Library operations through December 31, 2003. The voters of the districts approved a 1.46 mill tax for a three-year period, which began with a tax levy effective December 31, 2003. This millage provides for funding of Library operations through December 31, 2006.

The Library is governed by a seven-member Board. The Board consists of five members appointed by the County of Ingham, and two members appointed by the City of Lansing. The Library is not included as a component unit in any other primary government's financial statements. Based on the significance of any operations or financial relationships with the Library, there are no component units to be included in these financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2004

Note I - Nature of Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The Library has one fund, the General Fund, which is the Library's primary operating fund.

The General Fund is budgeted and accounted for using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available if it is collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Library considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, expenditures relating to compensated absences, and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due. Normally, expenditures are divided between years by the recording of prepaid expenses. The prepaid expenses reported on the balance sheet represent payments made in advance for 2005 expenditures.

In addition to presenting information for the General Fund, the statements combine all fund activity and present information for the Library as a whole, using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Private sector standards of accounting issued prior to December 1, 1989 are generally followed in both modified accrual and full accrual columns, to the extent that those standards do not conflict with the standards of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The Library has elected not to follow private sector standards issued after November 30, 1989 for its full accrual presentation.

Financial Statement Amounts

Cash and Investments - Cash and investments include cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with a maturity of three months or less when acquired. Investments are stated at fair value.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2004

Note I - Nature of Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Receivables and Payables - All trade and property taxes receivable are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible amounts.

Prepaid Expenses - The prepaid expenses reported on the balance sheet represent payments made in advance for 2005 expenditures.

Capital Assets - Generally, capital assets are defined by the Library with an initial cost of more than \$2,500 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at cost or, if donated, at their estimated fair value on the date donated.

Library books, CDs, and audio and visual tapes which comprise the Library's collection are recorded as assets using various estimating techniques. Because of their nature and relevance to the Library's operations, they are capitalized despite individually being below the \$2,500 capitalization threshold.

Additions, improvements, and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred.

Depreciation on such capital assets is charged as an expense against the operations on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Furniture and equipment 3-10 years
Library books and materials 7 years

The Library has a collection of art work presented for public exhibition and education that is being preserved for future generations. The proceeds from sales of any pieces of the collection are used to purchase other acquisitions. The collection is not capitalized or depreciated as part of capital assets.

Compensated Absences - It is the Library's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused sick and vacation pay benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the Library does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the Library. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2004

Note I - Nature of Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Property Taxes - Property taxes are levied on each December I on the taxable valuation of property as of the preceding December 31. Taxes are considered delinquent on March I of the following year, at which time penalties and interest are assessed.

The Library's 2003 tax is levied and collectible on December 1, 2003, and is recognized as revenue in the year ended December 31, 2004, when the proceeds of the levy are budgeted and available for the financing operations. The 2003 taxable value of the district totaled \$5,809,674,071 (a portion of which is not captured from all jurisdictions), on which taxes levied consisted of 1.46 mills for operating purposes. This resulted in \$8,060,946 recognized as property tax revenue.

Deferred Revenue - Income is recognized as revenue as it is earned. Prepayments are recorded as deferred until the revenue is earned over the year. Property taxes levied December I are for the following year's budget as described above. Accordingly, the December I tax levy is recorded as deferred revenue at December 31.

Fund Equity - In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

Use of Estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2004

Note 2 - Deposits

Michigan Compiled Laws Section 129.91 (Public Act 20 of 1943, as amended) authorizes local governmental units to make deposits and invest in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations that have offices in Michigan. The local unit is allowed to invest in bonds, securities, and other direct obligations of the United States or any agency or instrumentality of the United States; repurchase agreements; bankers' acceptances of United States banks; commercial paper rated within the two highest classifications, which matures not more than 270 days after the date of the purchase; obligations of the State of Michigan or its political subdivisions, which are rated as investment grade; and mutual funds composed of investment vehicles that are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan. The Library has designated six banks for the deposit of its funds. The investment policy adopted by the Board in accordance with Public Act 196 of 1997 has authorized investments as allowed by authority as listed above. The Library's deposits and investments policy is in accordance with statutory authority.

The Library's deposits at December 31, 2004 are included on the balance sheet under the following classifications:

	B	alance Shee						
		Cash		Investments		Total		
Deposits	\$	1,418,976	\$	1,173,613	\$	2,592,589		

The above deposits were reflected in the accounts of the bank (without recognition of checks written, but not yet cleared, or of deposits in transit) at \$2,887,901. Of that amount, \$219,224 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$2,668,677 was uninsured and uncollateralized. The Library believes that due to the dollar amounts of cash deposits and the limits of FDIC insurance, it is impractical to insure all bank deposits. As a result, the Library evaluates each financial institution with which it deposits Library funds and assesses the level of risk of each institution; only those institutions with an acceptable estimated risk level are used as depositories.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2004

Note 3 - Capital Assets

A summary of the changes in capital assets follows:

	Balance			Balance
Capital Assets	January I,			December 31,
Being Depreciated	2004	Additions	2004	
Furniture and equipment	\$ 1,622,941	\$ 1,002,698	\$ -	\$ 2,625,639
Library books and materials	12,086,186	1,229,418	-	13,315,604
Project in progress		235,052		235,052
Total	13,709,127	2,467,168	-	16,176,295
Accumulated depreciation	(8,442,287)	(1,352,092)		(9,794,379)
Net book value	\$ 5,266,840	\$ 1,115,076	\$ -	\$ 6,381,916

Capital Area District Library leases a building from the Lansing School District at a nominal amount. Other buildings are provided by the other participating governmental units at no charge to the Library. As a result, the Library does not own land or any other assets that are not being depreciated.

Note 4 - Long-term Debt

A summary of the debt outstanding at the Library is as follows:

	Balance						Balance			
	January I,						Dec	ember 31,		
	2004		Additions		Deletions		2004			
	¢	100 104	Φ.	22.270	¢		t	120 5/2		
Compensated absences	\$	108,184	\$	22,378	<u> </u>	_	<u>\$</u>	130,562		

The compensated absences represent the estimated liability to be paid employees under the Library's vacation pay policy. Under the Library's policy, employees earn vacation time based on time of service with the Library. The Library estimates that none of the above liability will be paid within the next year.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2004

Note 5 - Budget Information

The annual budget is prepared by Library management and adopted by the Library Board of Trustees; subsequent amendments are approved by the Board. Unexpended appropriations lapse at year end; encumbrances are not included as expenditures. The amount of encumbrances outstanding at December 31, 2004 for materials has been calculated at approximately \$159,000, but has not been calculated for other expenditures. During the current year, the budget was amended in a legally permissible manner. The budget has been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The General Fund budget has been approved on a functional basis. A comparison of actual results of operations to the General Fund budget as adopted by the Library Board is included in the required supplementary information.

Note 6 - Risk Management

The Library is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions, and employee injuries (workers' compensation), as well as medical benefits provided to employees. The Library has purchased commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims relating to the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 7 - Pension Plan

Plan Description

The Library participates in the Michigan Municipal Employees' Retirement System, an agent, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers all full-time employees of the Library. The system provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. The Michigan Municipal Employees' Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the system. That report may be obtained by writing to the system at 1134 Municipal Way, Lansing, MI 48917.

Funding Policy

The obligation to contribute to and maintain the system for these employees was established by Board approval and requires a contribution from the union and non-union employees of 6.04 percent and 9.27 percent of gross wages, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2004

Note 7 - Pension Plan (Continued)

Annual Pension Cost

For the year ended December 31, 2004, the Library's annual pension cost of \$162,137 was equal to the required and actual contribution. The annual required contribution was determined as part of an actuarial calculation at December 31, 2002, using the entry age normal cost method. Significant actuarial assumptions used include (a) an 8.0 percent investment rate of return, (b) projected salary increases of 4.5 percent per year, attributable to inflation, and (c) additional projected salary increases ranging from 0 percent to 4.16 percent per year, depending on age, attributable to seniority/merit. Both (a) and (b) include an inflation assumption of 4.5 percent. The actuarial value of assets was determined using techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility over a four-year period.

Trend Information

Fiscal year ended December 31:	2002		2003			2004		
Annual pension cost Percentage of annual pension cost	\$	86,472	\$	109,670	\$	162,137		
contributed		100%		100%		100%		
Net pension obligation		-		-		-		
Actuarial valuation as of December 31:		2001		2002		2003		
Actuarial value of assets		NA	\$	203,950	\$	478,109		
Actuarial accrued liability (AAL) (entry age)		NA	Ψ \$	179,193	\$	ŕ		
Unfunded (overfunded) AAL (U(O)AAL)		NA	\$	(24,757)	•	ŕ		
Funded ratio		NA	Ċ	113.80%	•	104.4%		
Covered payroll		NA	\$	1,491,435	\$	1,854,730		
U(O)AAL as a percentage of covered								
payroll		NA		(1.66%)		(1.08%)		

Since the Library joined MERS effective January 1, 2002, no trend information existed prior to this time; thus, an actuarial valuation was not available before December 31, 2002.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2004

Note 8 - Defined Contribution Pension Plan

The Library provides pension benefits to some full-time employees hired before January I, 2002 through a defined contribution plan. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. As established by negotiation with the Library's competitive bargaining units, the Library contributes 6 percent of employees' gross earnings. In accordance with these requirements, the Library contributed \$38,794 during the current year, and employees made no contributions.

Note 9 - Reconciliation of Fund Financial Statements to Government-wide Financial Statements

Total fund balance and the net change in fund balance of the Library's General Fund differ from net assets and change in net assets of the governmental activities reported in the statement of net assets and the statement of activities. This difference results primarily from the long-term economic focus of the statement of net assets and the statement of activities versus the current financial resources focus of the governmental fund balance sheet and statement of revenue, expenditures, and changes in fund balance. The following are reconciliations of fund balance to net assets and the net change in fund balance to the net change in net assets:

Total Fund Balance - Modified accrual basis	\$	2,363,082
Amounts reported in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets are not financial resources and are not reported in the funds Compensated absences are included as a liability	_	6,381,916 (130,562)
Net Assets of General Fund - Full accrual basis	\$	8,614,436

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2004

Note 9 - Reconciliation of Fund Financial Statements to Government-wide Financial Statements (Continued)

Net Change in Fund Balances - Modified accrual basis \$ (316,510)

Amounts reported in the statement of activities are different because:

Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in the statement of revenue, expenditures, and changes in fund balance; in the statement of activities, these costs are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation:

Capital outlay 1,237,750
Library books and materials 1,229,418
Depreciation (1,352,092)

Incease in the accrual for long-term compensated absences reported as an expenditure in the statement of activities but not in the fund statements

(22,378)

Change in Net Assets of General Fund - Full accrual basis \$ 776,188



Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund Year Ended December 31, 2004

							٧	ariance			
	Originally		Final Amended		December 31,		Fa	vorable	December 31,		
	Add	opted Budget		Budget	20	004 Balance	(Unfavorable)		20	03 Balance	
Revenue								,			
Millage revenue	\$	8.076.000	\$	8,181,300	\$	8,183,862	\$	2,562	\$	6,742,281	
Penal fines	•	725,600	•	777,000		777,043	•	43	•	725,759	
State aid		205,600		207,000		207,318		318		197,138	
Rental revenue		140,000		146,700		149,634		2,934		149,728	
Interest income		50,000		60,000		64,232		4,232		48,467	
Donation income		60,000		110,000		112,633		2,633		43,537	
Miscellaneous revenue		248,800		302,900		304,488		1,588		172,757	
Total revenue		9,506,000		9,784,900		9,799,210		14,310		8,079,667	
Expenditures											
Salaries and benefits		5,951,700		5,944,200		5,789,175		155,025		4,671,806	
Materials		1,486,100		1,486,100		1,481,639		4,461		1,680,509	
Supplies		161,700		192,200		191,679		521		150,334	
Professional services		491,450		509,450		469,441		40,009		470,122	
Governance		24,850		22,850		21,556		1,294		16,942	
Transportation/Staff development		65,000		65,000		64,872		128		53,871	
Maintenance and utilities		478,200		488,200		481,714		6,486		418,827	
Technology		551,000		621,000		480,172		140,828		241,421	
Capital outlay - Equipment and furniture		754,000		985,000		884,386		100,614		165,071	
Other expenses	_	162,500		278,500		251,086		27,414		137,423	
Total expenditures	_	10,126,500		10,592,500		10,115,720		476,780		8,006,326	
Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures		(620,500)		(807,600)		(316,510)		491,090		73,341	
Fund Balance - Beginning of year		2,679,592		2,679,592		2,679,592				2,606,251	
Fund Balance - End of year	\$	2,059,092	\$	1,871,992	\$	2,363,082	\$	491,090	\$	2,679,592	





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To the Board Members
Capital Area District Library

We recently completed our audit of the December 31, 2004 financial statements of Capital Area District Library. In addition to our report on the financial statements, we would like to present the following matters as potential opportunities for improvement to the internal controls and efficiency of your Organization, as well as informational items relevant to the Library.

Cash Receipts

Despite the fact that CADL has formal internal control policies governing cash receipt procedures at remote locations, it is possible for these procedures to not be fully implemented at cash receipt locations outside of the main office. Due to the number of branches and the cash receipts received, we recommend that management conduct periodic spot checks of cash receipt procedures at the various branches to ensure adherence to the Library wide internal control procedures.

Also, during our testing of cash receipts in the main library, we noted that one of the samples we selected was not deposited until eight days after receipt. We recommend as the volume or scope of cash receipts increase, deposits should be made more often.

Materials

To continue to strive for complete and accurate fixed asset records, we recommend procedures should be implemented that would facilitate the reporting and accounting for fixed assets disposal of library materials.

Planned Giving

It is our understanding that CADL is expanding their development program. With more and more charities competing for increasingly fewer federal and state dollars and donors' reluctance to part with assets during their lifetime, many charitable organizations have instituted innovative programs to facilitate both lifetime and post death gifts. These programs are generically known as "planned giving" programs and encompass many different methods of giving, including charitable bequests, charitable remainder trusts, pooled income funds and gift annuities. The Library should consider educating its donor base on the benefits of planned giving. We would be happy to assist you with this education.



Accounting Software Upgrade

It is our understanding that the Library will be updating its accounting software in the near future. Some system limitations in the current accounting software were noted while performing our audits this year as well as in prior years and we recommend that the Library consider these as they work to upgrade their current software:

- The software should have the capability to record the 13th period of the year. This will ensure that income and expenses post to the proper fiscal year, and, as a result, reversal of activity involving a separate fiscal year can be avoided.
- It would be beneficial if the software has the capability to inter-face with the materials
 management software. This will allow the Finance Department to monitor the budgeted
 versus actual activity on a real time basis as well as allow for easier recording of the
 materials activity.

We are grateful for the opportunity to be of service to the Capital Area District Library. Should you have any questions regarding the implementations of these comments, please do not hesitate to call.

Plante & Moran, PLLC

February 10, 2005